S1.	Code	Course	Study Scheme				Evaluation Scheme					Total	Credit		
No			Pre-	Cont	tact Ho	ours /	Theory			Practical			Marks		
			requisit		Week										
			e	L	Т	Р	End	Pı	Progressive		End	Progressive			
							Exam	Α	ssessmei	nt	Exam	Assess	sment		
								Class	Assig	Atten		Sessiona	Viva-		
								Test	nmen	dance		1	voce		
									t						
1	CE511	Irrigation	CE406	3	0	0	70	15	10	5	0	0	0	100	3
		Engineering													
2	CE507	Geo-Technical	CE506	3	1	0	70	15	10	5	0	0	0	100	4
		Engineering II													
3	CE502	Design &	CE501	3	0	2	70	15	10	5	0	50	0	150	4
		Detailing II													
5	CE601	Elective I		3	1	0	70	15	10	5	0	0	0	100	4
	-604														
6	CE601	Elective-II		3	1	0	70	15	10	5	0	0	0	100	4
	-604														
7	CE517	Project		0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	100	50	150	3
8	CE516	Professional		0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	50		50	2
Practices – V*															
TOTAL 15 3 12			12	350	75	50	25	0	200	50	750	24			

IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

L T P 3 0 0

Total Contact hrs.:

Theory: 45

Total marks: 100

Curri. Ref. No.: CE511

Theory: End Term Exam: 70 P.A.: 30

Theory Class duration: 45 classes of 1hr. or 60 classes of 45 minutes Pre requisite: CE406 Credit: 3

RATIONALE:

Many diploma holders in civil engineering supervise the construction or perform the maintenance of canals, head-works, river training works, cross drainage works, regulatory and other works. Some of diploma holders are also engaged for preventing water logging and irrigation by tube-wells. For a state which does not have a major Irrigation System the subject can be offered as an elective one so that an willing student can plan his carrier in Irrigation Engineering.

Aim:

This subject Irrigation Engineering aims imparting knowledge regarding hydrology, flow irrigation - storage and distribution system, constructional features of head works, river training works, cross drainage works, causes and prevention of water logging and construction of tube-wells.

UNIT TOPIC/SUB-TOPIC

Hrs. Total hrs.

	TATT	ODICTION	2
1.0	INIK	CODUCTION:	2
_	1.1	Definition of irrigation	
	1.2	Necessity of irrigation	
	1.3	History of development of irrigation in India	
	1.4	Types of irrigation	
	1.5	Sources of irrigation water	
2.0	RAIN	I FALL AND RUN OFF	3
	2.1	Definition of rainfall and run-off. Catchment area,	
		relationship, Dicken's and Ryve's formulae	
	2.2	Types of rain gauges - Automatic and non-automatic	
	2.3	Stream gauging	
	2.4	Concepts of Hydrograph	
3.0	WAT	ER REQUIREMENT OF CROPS	3
	3.1	Definition of crop season	
	3.2	Duty, Delta and Base Period, their relationship	

	3.3	Gross command area, culturable command area, Intensity of Irrigation, Irrigable area	
	3.4	Water requirement of different crops - Kharif and Rabi	
4.0	LIFT	FIRRIGATION:	4
	4.1	Types of wells - shallow and deep well, aquifer types,	
		ground water flow, construction of open wells and	
		tube-wells	
	4.2	Yield of an open tube-well and problems	
	4.3	Methods of lifting water - Manual and mechanical	
		devices, use of wind mills	_
5.0	FLO	W IRRIGATION:	7
	5.1	Irrigation canals	
	5.2	Perennial irrigation	
	5.3	Different parts of irrigation canals and their functions	
	5.4	Sketches of different canal cross-sections	
	5.5	Classification of canals according to their alignment	
	5.6	Design of irrigation canals - Chezy's formula,	
		Mannings formula, Kennedy's and Lacey's silt	
		theories and equations, comparison of above two silt	
	57	theories, critical velocity ratio	
	5.7	disadvantages of canal fining - Advantages and	
60	שוס	CONTRACTOR CONTRA	2
0.0	6.1	Definition necessity & objective	3
	6.2	Concret layout functions of different parts of harrage	
	6.2	Difference between weir and barrage	
7.0	REG	TIL ATORY WORKS.	3
/.0	7 1	Functions and explanation of terms used	5
	7.1	Cross and head regulators	
	73	Falls	
	74	Fnergy dissinaters	
	7.5	Outlets - different types	
	7.6	Escapes	
8.0	CRO	DSS DRAINAGE WORKS:	3
	8.1	Functions and necessity of the following types:	-
		aqueduct, siphon, super-passage, level crossing, inlet	
		and outlet	
	8.2	Constructional detail of the above	
9.0	FLO	OD CONTROL:	8
	9.1	Necessity, storage structure - dam: Classification:	
		Earthen, masonry and concrete dams	
	9.2	Earthen dams - types, necessity, advantages of earthen	
		dams, materials used in construction, compaction of	
		soil, drainage problem, causes of failure and protection	
		against failures	
	9.3	Masonry and concrete dams: Forces acting on the dam,	
		stresses developed at the base, solution of numerical	
		problems	

- 9.4 Labeled cross section of gravity dam, Spillways
- 9.5 River training works
- 10.0 WATER LOGGING AND DRAINAGE:
 - 10.1 Definition, causes and effects, detection, prevention and remedies
 - 10.2 Surface and sub-surface drains and their layout
- 11.0 TUBEWELL IRRIGATION:
 - 11.1 Introduction, occurrence of ground water, location and command, advantages of tube-wells
 - 11.2 Tube-wells, explanation of terms water table, radius of influence, depression head, cone of depression, confined and unconfined aquifers
 - 11.3 Types of tube-wells and their choice-cavity, strainer and slotted type
 - 11.4 Method of construction-- boring, installation of well assembly, development of well, pump selection, installation and maintenance

Class Tests: 3

2

4

REFERENCES:

- 1. Irrigation Engineering by Basak, N.N.; Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 2. A Text Book on Irrigation Engineering by Singhal, RP; Singhal Publications
- 5. Fundamentals of Irrigation Engineering by Bharat Singh; Roorkee, Nem Chand & Bros.
- 4. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics Structures by Garg, Santosh Kumar; Khanna Publishers, Delhi
- 5. Irrigation and Water Power Engineering by Purnima, BC and Pande Brij Bansi Lal; Standard Publishers Distributors, Delhi
- 6. Text Book of Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics Structures by Sharma, RK; Oxford and IBH Publishing Company, New Delhi
- 7. Principles and Practice of Irrigation Engineering by Sharma, SK; Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

L T P 3 1 0

Total marks: 100

Total Contact hrs.: *Theory: 45 Tutorial: 15* **Theory Class duration:** *45 classes of 1hr. or 60 classes of 45 minutes* **Pre requisite: CE 506** *Credit: 4* Curri. Ref. No.: CE507

Theory: End Term Exam: 70 P.A.: 30

RATIONALE:

The knowledge and skills of Geo-Technical Engineering is very important subject of Civil Engineering. Practical works in Geo-Technical Engineering are equally important. The theory together with practices of this subject will definitely help the Practicing Civil Engineers in Civil Engineering Construction Works, specially in the design and construction of building foundation.

AIM:

Geo-technical Engineering II aims at imparting basic knowledge on Earth Pressure Theories, slope stability, soil exploration, bearing capacity and settlement analysis of shallow foundations, deep foundations and introduction to soil improvement and stabilization techniques.

UNIT_	TOPI	C/SUB-TOPIC	Hrs.	Total hrs.
1.0	EAR	TH PRESSURE THEORIES	8	
_1.0	11	Rankine & Colomb's Farth Pressure theories	0	
_	1.2	Determination of Earth Pressure on retaining wall by applying Rankine's Theory, simple problems	_	
	1.3	Statbility of retaining walls: Fundamental consideration (no derivation)		
2.0	STAE	BILITY OF SLOPES	4	
	2.1	Introduction, definition and types of slope		
	2.2	Slope protection measures		
3.0	SHA	LLOW FOUNDATIONS	12	
	3.1	Types and definition		
	3.2	Bearing capacity analysis of isolated shallow foundation by Terzaghi's and IS code method (IS 6403-1981)		

		TOTAL:		45
7.0	CLA	SS TEST	3	
		textiles and geo-synthetics		
		fundamental considerations only), Applications of geo-		
		stabilization by using admixtures (applicability and		
		columns, grouting, earth reinforcement and		
	6.1	Different methods: Pre loading, sand drains, stone		
	STA	BILIZATION TECHNIQUES		
6.0	INTI	RODUCTION TO GROUND IMPROVEMENT & SOIL	6	
		2911)		
	5.2	Determination of pile capacity by IS code method (IS		
	5.1	Types: Pile foundation, Pier, Well foundation		
5.0	DEE	PFOUNDATION	6	
		(demonstration of tests)		
	4.2	Standard penetration test, plate load test		
	4.0	and samplers		
	4.1	Methods, undisturbed and disturbed samples, sampling		
4.0	SOII	EXPLORATION & SITE INVESTIGATION	0	
1.0	COU	of isolated footings (18 8009-part I), simple problems	(
		estimation of immediate and consolidation settlement		
	3.3	Settlement: Immediate and consolidation settlement,		
	2.2			

REFERENCE BOOKS:

S N	 0	Name of Boo	Autho	Publisher
1		Principles of Foundation	B. M. Da	Thomso
		Engineerin		
2		Soil Mechanics and Foundation	Budh	Wiley Indi
		2 e d , w / C		
3		Soil Mechanics SI Versio	Lamb	Wiley Indi
4		Soil Mechanics & Foundation	R a	P e a r s o
		Engineerin		
5		Soil Mechanics & Foundatio	B. C. Punmi	Laxmi Publicatio
			Ashok Jain	
			Arun Jai	
6		Basic Soil Mechanics	Alam Sing	CBS Publishen
		Foundatio		
7		Soil Mechanics & Foundation	VNS Murth	CBS Publishen
		Engineerin		
8		Relevant IS Codes: IS 6403,		Bureau of India
		8009, IS 1892, IS 291		Standard

L T P 3 0 2

Total marks: 150

Total Contact hrs.: *Theory: 45 Practical: 30 Theory Class duration: 45 classes of 1hr. or 60 classes of 45 minutes* **Pre requisite: CE501** *Credit: 4* Curri. Ref. No.: CE502

Theory: End Term Exam: 70 P.A.: 30 Practical: P.A: 50

RATIONALE:

Safety and durability of a structure depend on appropriate design, proper detailing and construction as per detailed drawing and specification. For this reason, 'Design and Detailing' is an important subject for Civil Engineering Diploma holders. They are most often asked to act as a supervisor in construction projects. In addition to this they may also require to work as a draftsmen responsible for preparing detailed drawing for construction sites. Diploma holders are also called upon to assist designers, suggest modifications for repair and renovation works and also to design simple structural elements. The subject attempts to cover the above aspects of civil engineering profession.

AIM:

The subject aims to expose the civil engineering diploma students to design of simple structural elements and also to drawing structural details for construction. **SESSIONAL ASSIGNMENTS**

UNIT TOPIC/SUB-TOPIC Hrs. 7

Silu		50
1.1	Draw details of the following steel structures from the	_
	given line diagrams:	
	a) A steel roof truss with details of bolted or riveted and	
	welded joints and connections including that of the	
	steel column at base level with foundation (Plate I)	
	b) A two storied steel building frame showing typical	
	details of possible bolted and welded connections	
	including that of column at base with the foundation	
	(Plate II)	
1.2	Details of an underground RCC water tank (such as	
	Sheet No. 19 of SP 34 or any other) - Plate III.	

1.3 Combined detailed drawing of a two storied building with load-bearing wall spread footing and R.C. isolated column footing. (Plate IV).

THEORY

TOTAL:

- 2.0 Design of simple steel structures
 - 2.1 State and sketch types of joints, explain and show failure of joints through sketches.
 - 2.2 State the permissible stresses in rivets and bolts; Design joints (excluding joints subjected to moments).
 - 2.3 Design determinate framed structure connections, solve problems for riveted and bolted connections.
 - 2.4 Welding: State and explain the uses and types of welding.
 - 2.5 State the permissible stresses in welding, minimum size of welding.
 - 2.6 Design simple welded connections for axial forces.

3.0 **Tension Members**

- 3.1 State and sketch the common sections of tension members. State the permissible stresses for structural steel.
- 3.2 Explain the net effective sectional area for angles and tees under different conditions, use structural steel section hand book, Design tension members (angle & tubular sections) with detailing, and solve problems.

4.0 **Compression Members**

- 4.1 Distinguish between a strut and a column, short and a long column. Explain effective length, state maximum slenderness ratio of different compression members.
- 4.2 Explain and perform design of axially loaded compression members (angle & tubular sections) as per IS 800, solve problems
- 5.0 Design of simple steel beams for bending and shear
- Design (as per IS:883-1970) of timber structural elements for 6.0 4

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tension, compression and flexure as well as detailing of joints Stair Case (RCC - LSM)

- 7.1 State & draw important types of staircases, explain effective span & principles of design
- 7.2 Design a dog-legged stair case and show the details of reinforcement

8.0 Design of footings (RCC - LSM)

- 8.1 State and sketch different types of footings
- 8.2 Explain proportioning of footings, basis of design of footings, soil pressure on foundation, design of independent footings, checking for development lengths, procedure for design of footings
- 8.3 Design simple masonry foundation and R.C. slab foundation for a masonry wall
- 8.4 Design isolated reinforced concrete square & rectangular footings for given data & draw detailed drawings
- 8.5 Solve problems

9.0 Concept of seismics in Planning and Design of Buildings 9.1 Introduction of earthquakes

- 9.2 Magnitude and intensity as per IS:1893-2002
- 9.3 Seismic Zoning, zones of different cities (IS:1893-2002)
- 9.4 Planning a building in a seismic prone area, general structural arrangement configuration, and requirements of earthquake resistance construction as per IS: 4326
- 9.5 Ductile detailing of R.C. structural elements as per IS:13920, detailing of beams, columns and their junctions Class Test:

TOTAL:

45

3

REFERENCE BOOKS:

7.0

- 1. Design of Steel Structure -by V.N. Vazirani & M.M. Ratwani
- 2. Design of Steel Structure -by S. Ramamrutham
- 3. Design of Steel Structure -by B.N. Duggal
- 4. Design of Steel Structure -by Kazmi & Jindal
- 5. Code of Practice for design of structural timber in building IS:883-1970
- 6. Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete by P.C. Varghese
- 7. Reinforced Concrete : Limit State Design by A.K. Jain
- 1. Reinforced Concrete by H.J. Shah
- 2. Design Aids for Reinforced Concrete to IS: 456-1978, BIS, SP-16
- 3. Handbook on Concrete Reinforcement & detailing, BIS, SP-34

3

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TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING (ELCTIVE)

L T P 3 1 0

Total marks: 100

Theory: End Term Exam: 70 P.A.: 30

Curri. Ref. No.: CE605

Total Contact hrs.: 60 *Theory: 60 Tutotial: 15* **Credit: 4**

RATIONALE:

Airport Engineering and Railways, as specialized topics of Civil Engineering constitute important components of Transportation Engineering. Many–a-times diploma holders are involved in the construction and/or maintenance of airports, and railways. At the same time a state may not have many airports or the facility of railways. In such a case the subject may be offered as an elective to a student who plans carrier in line with the subject matter.

AIM:

The aim of the subject 'Transportation Engineering' is to impart preliminary knowledge of Airport and Railway Engineering through information, description, explanation and sketches to the diploma students of civil engineering intending to be involved in their planning, construction and maintenance.

UNIT TOPIC/SUB-TOPIC

Hrs. Total hrs.

AIRPORT ENGINEERING 1.0 Planning and Layout 4 Type, Size, Shape and orientation of Airport 1.1 Factors affecting local and regional planning for 1.2 integrated development Components of an Airport 1.3 General operational requirements 1.4 Brief description of runways, taxiways, aprons 1.5 Description of general layout of an airport showing 1.6 lighting for different components Basic Runway length - Conditions for (i) Normal 1.7 landing (ii) Normal take off (iii) stopping in emergency Correction to basic runway length - (i) Correction for Elevation (ii) Correction for gradient (iii) Correction for temperature. 2.0 Airport Survey 4 Introduction 2.1

2.2 Topographical survey

	2.3	Approa	ach zone survey						
	2.4	Soil an	d drainage survey						
3.0	Aspects of Airport Design and Construction								
	3.1	3.1 Flexible and Rigid pavements for airport							
	3.2	2 Brief explanation of factors influencing design of rigid							
		and fle	xible airport pavements						
	3.3	Metho	ds of construction						
	3.4	Precau	tions for quality control and durability						
			Class Test	1					
	RAI	LWAYS							
4.0	Intro	duction:		2					
	4.1	Railwa	y terminology						
	4.2	Advant	tages of railways						
	4.3	Classif	ication of Indian Railways						
5.0	Pern	nanent wa	ay	3					
	5.1	Definit	ion and components of a permanent way						
	5.2	Concep	pt of gauge, different gauges prevalent in India,						
		suitabi	lity of these gauges under different conditions						
6.0	Trac	k materia	ıls	10					
	6.1	Rails							
		6.1.1	Functions and requirement of rail s						
		6.1.2	Types of rail sections, length of rails						
		6.1.3	Rail joints – types, requirement of an ideal						
		<i>с</i> 1 1	joint						
		6.1.4	Purpose of welding of rails & its advantages						
	(\mathbf{a})	6.1.5	Creep – definition, cause & prevention						
	6.2	Sleeper	rs Definition forestions ?						
		6.2.1	Definition, functions & requirements of						
		622	Classification of classication						
		6.2.2	Advantages & disadvantages of different						
		0.2.5	tunes of sloopers						
	63	Ballact	types of sicepers						
	0.5	631	Functions & requirements of hallast						
		632	Materials for hallast						
	64	Fixture	es & fastenings						
	0.1	6.4.1	Connection of rails to rail-fishplate, fish bolts						
		6.4.2	Connection of rails to sleepers						
7.0	Geo	metric for	r Broad gauge	4					
	7 1	T 1	$0 0^{-1}$	-					

	9.1	Types of signals, location, functional characteristics,	
		special signals	
10.0	Layiı	ng & maintenance of track	4
	10.1	Methods of laying & maintenance of track	
	10.2	Details of a permanent way inspector	
		Class test	2

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Dock & Harbour Engg. by S.P. Bindra; Bhanpat Rai & sons
- 2. Transportation Engineering Vol.II by N. Vazirani & S.P. Chandruta; Khanna Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Railway Engineering by S.C. Rangawala
- 4. A Text Book of Railway Engineering by R.S. Deshpande; Poona United Book Corporation
- 5. Roads, Railway, Bridge and Tunnel by B.L. Gupta & Amit Gupta; Standard publishers

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

L T P 3 1 0 Curri. Ref. No.: CE602

Total Contact hrs.: 60 *Theory: 45 Tutorial: 15* Total marks: 100

Theory: End Term Exam: 70 P.A.: 30

Credit: 4

RATIONALE:

The construction activities taken up by the technical personnel, civil engineering technicians in particular, are responsible for the environmental degradation. The civil engineers are also responsible for adopting the remedial measures. As such, a civil engineering diploma holder should have adequate knowledge about the types of pollution caused by various construction activities for adopting preventive and remedial measures. They should be also be aware of the various environmental laws for effective control of environmental pollution.

AIM:

The course content of Environmental Engineering has been designed to provide adequate information to develop competency in a learner to-

- 1. explain the different aspects of environmental engineering
- 2. relate the various components of ecosystem
- 3. identify the sources and effects of environmental pollution
- 4. analyze the polluted water, air and soil by using appropriate sampling method
- 5. describe the role of various agencies in environmental pollution and the environmental laws.

COURSE CONTENT:

UNIT	TOPIC/SUB-TOPIC	Hrs. <u>Total hrs.</u>
1.0	INTRODUCTION:	04
	1.1 Definition of environment and components of	
	Environment and related terms	
	1.2 Aims & objectives of environmental engineering	
	1.3 Impact of population growth, industrialization &	
	urbanization and energy growth on environment	
	1.4 Current issues of environmental concern like-Global	
	warming, Acid rain, Ozone depletion-features, causes	
2 0	and impacts on living being	0.6
2.0	ECOLOGY:	06
	2.1 Concepts of ecosystem and its component	
	2.2 Energy flow through an ecosystem	
	2.3 Biochemical cycles-C,N,P	
	2.4 Interrelationships between communities in an ecosystem	
	2.5 Sustainable development	
3.0	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION:	15
	3.1 Definition of terms, parameters of pollution, types of	-
	pollution	
	3.2 Water Pollution- Types of pollutants & their	
	characteristics. Sources of pollutants, effects of water	
	pollution, standards for industrial effluents remedial	
	measures for control	

- 3.3 Air Pollution- Types of pollutants & their characteristics Sources of pollutants, effects of pollutants on human, plants &vegetation, structures etc, permissible limits as per Indian and International standard, remedial measures for control
- 3.4 Noise Pollution-definition and measure of noise, types, Sources of pollution, effects of noise pollution, prevention & control measures
- 3.5 Land Pollution- Causes, Effects of Pesticides & fertilizers used in agricultural practice, impacts of blasting & open cast mining, degradation due to deforestation and due to natural disaster like land subsidence, case studies on mining; blasting and deforestation, soil pollution management-land conservation and land reclamation

4.0 POLLUTION SURVEY:

- 4.1 Planning survey, sampling locations, criterion, equipment, and techniques for water & air pollution survey
- .2 Analysis of water and air pollutants-principles & methods

5.0 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT:

- 5.1 Definition of related terms and purpose
- 5.2 Sources of solid wastes, characteristics of wastes-urban & rural communities, sampling methods
- 5.3 Storage & collection- storage methods, frequency of collection, methods of collection, comparison
- 5.4 Disposal of solid wastes- principles, description of process, planning, operation, maintenance & suitability of different methods of disposal- sanitary land fill, composting, incineration

6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT:

- 6.1 Environmental legislation- salient features of different environmental protection acts in India
- 6.2 Roles of pollution control boards, local bodies and citizens in environmental pollution management
- 6.3 Environmental impact assessment- requirements and definition of related terms, method of assessment
- 6.4 Environmental ethics

CLASS TEST: 03 TOTAL:

45

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Environmental Engineering by Duggal
- 2. Water Supply & Sewage by Steel
- 3. Environmental Engineering by A.K.Chatterjee
- 4. A Text Book of Environmental Engineering by Peavy, et.al.
- 5. Water Supply & Pollution Control by Clark
- 6. Air Pollution by Rao
- 7. Environmental Protection by Chanlett
- 8. Fundamentals of Ecology by Odum

05

06

06

- 9. Concepts of Ecology - by Koromondy
- 10 .Ecology & Environment - by P.D.Sharma
- 11.
- Chemistry for Environmental Engineers by Sawyer & Macarty Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water 12. - by APHA
- Water & Waste Water Analysis a Course Manual by NEERI 13.

PROJECT

 $\begin{array}{cccc} L & T & P \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{array}$

Total Contact hrs.: *Practical: 90* Curri. Ref. No.: CE517

Pre requisite: Nil *Credit: 3*

RATIONALE: The diploma-holders in Civil Engineering, many a times, are involved with project work in design and drawing offices. The major works involve making survey, drawing plan and sections, collection of data, organization and analysis of data, estimation and elementary design of structures or their components. They are also expected to have some knowledge of actual practice in construction work. The course "Project and Industrial visits" should therefore be very important to the diploma students of Civil Engineering to make them professionally sound and valuable.

AIM: The aim of the course –" Project and Industrial visits" is to:

- (i) Apply knowledge gained in different subjects through solving real life problems in Civil Engineering.
- (ii) Develop self-confidence for working in Civil Engineering projects.
- (iii) Prepare necessary drawings, estimates and project reports .
- (iv) Develop an idea of the state of art of construction practices through industrial visits

UNIT	TOPIC/SUB-TOPIC	Hrs.	Total hrs.

1.0	Layo	ut plan and detailed plan and section of (<u>any two of the</u>	30	
	following)			
	1.1	Residential Building		
	1.2	Hostel building for accommodation of (80 to 160)		
		students, the number may vary on yearly basis.		
	1.3	Hospital building for rural area.		
	1.4	School building involving science laboratories		
	1.5	An industrial building.		
2.0	Design and Planning			
	2.1	Detailed design and planning of a roof truss.		
	2.2	Detailed design and planning of RCC roof slab and		
		beam arrangement for a residential house.		
3.0	Proje	ct work on converting a village road	30	
	3.1	Preparation of longitudinal and cross-sections after		
		levelling the proposed road.		
	3.2	Calculation of earthwork after fixing the section and		
		calculation of gradients.		
	3.3	Design for vertical curve, horizontal curve, super		
		elevation if necessary.		
	3.4	Estimation of road materials from the longitudinal and		
		cross-sections.		
	3.5	Full report on the project together with information of		
		existing and new formation levels i.e., plan, elevation		
		and sections.		

PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE – V

 $\begin{array}{cccc} L & T & P \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{array}$

Curri. Ref. No.: CE516

Total Contact hrs.: *Practical: 60 Credit: 2*

Total marks: 50

Practical: *P.A* : 50

UNIT_TOPIC/SUB-TOPIC Hrs._Total hrs.

Orga	anization of engineering department
1.1	Permanent establishment
1.2	Duties and responsibilities of subordinate engineers
Wor	ks
2.1	Classification of work-original, major, minor, petty, repair work, annual repair, special repair, quadrantal repair
2.2	Method of execution of works through the contractors, departmentally, contract and agreement, work order, item rate contract, lump sum contract, labour contract and daily labour, piece work agreement, scheduled contract, cost plus percentage contract
Acco	ount of works
3.1	Explanation of various terms Administrative approval, technical sanction, contingency budget, tender, preparation of notice inviting tender, receiving of quotations, earnest money, security deposit, advance payment, on account payment, intermediate payment, final payment, running bill, final, regular and temporary establishment, cash, major & subhead of account, temporary advance, issue rate, storage, supervision charges, suspense account, debit, credit, book transfer, sub-voucher and related accounts vouchers
3.2	Measurement book use & maintenance, procedure of making entries of measurement of work and supply of materials, labour employed, standard measurement books and common irregularity
3.3	Master Roll: Its preparation & use for pay and wages
3.4	Acquitance Roll: Its preparation & use for making payment of pay & wages
3.5	Labour & Labour report, method of labour payment, use of forms and necessity of submission

3.6 Classification of stores, receipt / issue statement on standard form, method of preparation of stock account, preparation and submission of returns, verification of stocks, shortage and excess

Class Test 3 TOTAL: 30

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Text Book of PWD Account by S.C. Dixit
- 2. PWD Accounts by A.C. Dhar
- 3. Engineering Duties & Accounts by S.K. Hussain
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